

MAULANA ABUL KALAM AZAD UNIVERSITY OF TECHNOLOGY, WEST BENGAL

Paper Code: BCAC201 Discrete Structures UPID: 200050

Time Allotted: 3 Hours Full Marks:70

The Figures in the margin indicate full marks.

Candidate are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable

Group-A (Very Short Answer Type Question)

1. Answer	any ten of the following:	$[1 \times 10 = 10]$
(I)	Define a ring with an example.	
(II)	What is an undirected graph?	

- (III) What does the power set of a set contain?
- (IV) Define modus ponens.
- (V) Define permutations and combinations and provide a brief difference between them.
- (VI) Define a field and provide an example.
- (VII) Define the degree of a vertex in a graph.
- (VIII) What is the pigeonhole principle?
- (IX) Explain the difference between universal and existential quantification in predicate logic.
- Define a closed-form expression and explain its significance in solving combinatorial problems.
- Define semigroup and explain its main property.
- Define the adjacency matrix of a graph.

	Group-B (Short Answer Type Question)	
	Answer <i>any three</i> of the following:	$[5 \times 3 = 15]$
2.	Explain the difference between a one-to-one function and an onto function with examples.	[5]
3.	How many ways are there to arrange the letters in the word "COMBINATORICS"?	[5]
4.	Prove that fourth roots of unity form a cyclic group with respect to multiplication operation.	[5]
5.	What is a cycle in a graph? How does it differ from a simple path?	[5]
6.	Convert the proposition "(p and q) or r" into conjunctive normal form (CNF). Provide the disjunctive normal form (DNF) for the proposition "(p \rightarrow q) and (q \rightarrow r)".	[5]
	Group-C (Long Answer Type Question)	
	Answer <i>any three</i> of the following:	[15 x 3 = 45]
7.	(a) Explain the concept of degree in a graph with examples. What is a path in a graph? Describe the types of paths	[12]

7.	. (a) Explain the concept of degree in a graph with examples.	[12]
	What is a path in a graph? Describe the types of paths.	
	Explain the concept of connectivity in a graph with examples.	
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- (b) Discuss the applications of graphs in real-life scenarios. [3] 8. (a) Define a permutation group and provide an example. [10]
- Prove that every permutation group is a subgroup of the symmetric group.
 - (b) Define what a cyclic group is and provide an example. [5]
- 9. Discuss the concepts of validity, predicate logic, and universal and existential quantification in predicate [15] logic. Provide examples to illustrate each concept.
- 10. (a) Use induction to prove that [5] $n^2 < 2^n$
 - for all positive integers n≥5. [5+5] (b) How many permutations are there of the letters in the word "APPLE"? How many different arrangements can be made from the digits 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 without repetition?
- 11. (a) There are 100 students in a Student Activity Club of which 35 like drawing and 45 like music. 10 [7] students are interested in both drawing and music. Find the number of students that like either of them or neither of them.
 - (b) If $= \{a, e, i, o, u\}$ and [5]

 $A = \{a, e, i\}$

 $B = \{e, o, u\}$

 $C = \{a, i, u\}$

Verify whether the value is true or not: A \cap (B - C) = (A \cap B) - (A \cap C).

- (c) Set $S = \{5, 10, 15, 20, 25, 30\}$ is given in the roster form. Rewrite it in,
 - (i) Set Builder Form
 - (ii) Semantic Form

*** END OF PAPER ***

[3]