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Paper Code : BCAC402 Operating System

UPID : 4000103

Time Allotted : 3 Hours

Full Marks : 70

The Figures in the margin indicate full marks.

Candidate are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable

Group-A (Very Short Answer Type Question)

1. Answer *any ten* of the following :

[1 x 10 = 10]

- (I) What is the main function of a CPU?
- (II) What is the most common type of storage used in modern laptops?
- (III) What is the kernel in an OS?
- (IV) What is the purpose of a Layered Operating System?
- (V) What is a process in an operating system?
- (VI) What is a thread in an operating system?
- (VII) What is a monitor in process synchronization?
- (VIII) What is continuous memory allocation?
- (IX) Which type of memory is non-volatile?
- (X) What is an operating system?
- (XI) Which OS is open-source and widely used in servers?
- (XII) What is a system call in an OS?

Group-B (Short Answer Type Question)

Answer *any three* of the following :

[5 x 3 = 15]

2. Explain three types of CPU schedulers and compare the execution frequency of these three types of schedulers. [5]
3. Explain Monolithic, Layered and Microkernel architectures of an Operating System. [5]
4. What are Processors, Memory, Devices, and I/O Bus in a computer system and draw a diagram showing interconnection and data flow direction among these components. [5]
5. Explain: Batch, Time-sharing, Distributed and Real-time Operating System. [5]
6. Explain: Multi-tasking, Multi-programming, Multi-processing OS. [5]

Group-C (Long Answer Type Question)

Answer *any three* of the following :

[15 x 3 = 45]

7. (a) What is Cryptography, and how is it used in OS Security? What is a Secure Operating System? [5]
 (b) What is the difference between Security and Protection? [2]
 (c) What are real-world examples of OS Security Measures? [3]
 (d) What is a Dangling Pointer? Causes of Dangling Pointers [5]
8. (a) What is preemptive scheduling? Give an example . [7]
 (b) What is Non-Preemptive scheduling ? Give an Example. [4]
 (c) Process Execution Time [4]

P0	6
P1	3
P2	4
P3	7

 Execute FCFS and SJF CPU scheduling algorithm to find out average waiting time and average turn around time.
9. (a) What are the information stored in the Process Control Block ? [8]
 (b) How many Types of I/O Buses are used in Operating System? [7]
10. (a) Define Wait() and Signal() with respect to the semaphore in process synchronization? [4]

- (b) Implement Producer-Consumer problem using semaphore. [8]
- (c) Taking an example, explain Race condition with respect to process synchronization. [3]
11. (a) What is Swapping in Operating Systems? Why is Swapping used? [4]
- (b) Differentiate between internal and external fragmentation. [4]
- (c) Suppose there are memory holes: 50 KB, 200 KB, 150 KB, 300 KB, 100 KB, and 70 KB (in that order). [6]
Now the following processes need the following memory spaces (in order): A = 190 KB, B = 135 KB, C = 130 KB, D = 40 KB, E = 200 KB.
What is the amount of internal fragmentation using
(i) First-fit, (ii) Best-fit, and (iii) Worst-fit memory allocation algorithms.
- (d) What is context switch? [1]

*** END OF PAPER ***